



Subject: English Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

Ássignmenť No. : 8

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
Q.1	READING	5 M	Understanding
	READING Read the passage carefully. Marcus Bartley hails from a family of renowned doctors in Yercaud. It was expected that Bartley too would enter that profession. But even in school, he knew what he wanted to do. His parents left him to make his own choices, and in 1940, Bartley headed to Bombay and got a job as a rookie photographer/reporter with a leading newspaper. Starting young In the small, closely-knit coterie of press photographers, he met Ellis R Dungan, Shantilal Shah (whom I married much later), BK Dilwali of Simla Studios, Carlo Marconi, and HomaiVyarawalla. Bartley did not have any formal training in photography, but he was willing to work hard and do the smallest of jobs. He observed, read, watched, and absorbed. My husband would say that as a press photographer, you clicked on the run, and considered yourself lucky if you got four to five clear photographs from a roll of 36. With Bartley, it was almost always 36 out of 36. In 1945, with the War over, Bartley returned to Madras and cranked his first film. When we caught up with him in 1956, this tall, welcoming man with bright blue eyes was head of the photography department of Vauhini Studios owned by B Nagi Reddy. Much has been said of Bartley being a difficult person to get along with, because of his bad temper. The truth is that he was a perfectionist and could not deal with an unprofessional attitude. He didn't believe in hierarchies and treated everyone the same; it is possible he didn't even know the names of the stars in his films. All that mattered to him was that they were punctual. The lensman He did not understand Hindi, spoke fractured Tamil and Telugu, but he made it a point to sit with the script writer and director, understanding the screenplay, so he could work on his lighting style. His specialty was special effects, particularly for mythological films. Bartley had hand-picked a team of light boys and assistants, who carried out his instructions, working in efficient silence. He		
	understanding the screenplay, so he could work on his lighting style. His specialty was special effects, particularly for mythological films. Bartley had hand-picked a team of light boys and assistants,		

(Malayalam). There were endless problems with this film. After the famed Hrishikesh Mukherjee stepped in to re-edit the confused footage, the film was released in 1965, to unanimous acclaim by critics and audiences. Every aspect of the film was highly praised, in particular the photography by Bartley.

But there were also rumours that Bartley had walked out midway over money matters. No one who knew him would believe he would jeopardise a production over money. Creative differences or unprofessionalism perhaps, but money was the least important aspect of his profession. Sadly, some portions of the film had to be completed by another cameraman and that was enough to cost Bartley the National Award that year. Many years later, senior cameraman U Rajagopal told me that he was only called in to complete patchwork. Bartley finally received the Award in 1969/1970 for Shanti Nilayam.

Later years

Bartley was not in good health. He had long suffered with diabetes, refused to go to a doctor, treating himself instead. By 1988, he seemed to lose his driving interest. He was restless and lonely. He decided to give up cinematography, but had more work than he could cope with, repairing lenses. Arriflex made him their authorised service person and Bartley would sit for hours, doing precision work alone, in silence. He had never had a large circle of friends as his scholarship and iconoclastic brilliance did not allow casual chat. His son Alan admitted him to a hospital but Nagi Reddy shifted Bartley to Vijaya Hospital where he was given personal attention. From the Studios to the Vijaya Hospital, it was as though the wheel had come full circle.

A few days later, as I was about to drive to the hospital, I received his son's call that Bartley had passed away. The roads to his home were jammed for hours. Cars were abandoned and we walked. There were hundreds of weeping people, friends choked with grief, mounds of garlands. His peers, members of every association of the film industry were present. There are not many who remember him today. But his achievements as pioneer, visionary, genius, and guru live on. Rajiv Menon and Madhu Ambat call me on occasion, and we speak of Marcus Bartley. He will never be forgotten.

On the basis of your reading of the above passage, answer the following questions:

(1). According to passage, it was difficult to get along with Marcus Bartley because of his

(a) bad temper.

(b) rude behaviour.

(c) tough style of working in film industry.

(d) drug addiction.

(2). Consider the following statements regarding the film 'Chemmeen'

I. Bartley was very excited when RamuKariat signed him for Chemmeen.

II. Chemmeen was a Tamil film.

III. It was released in 1965.

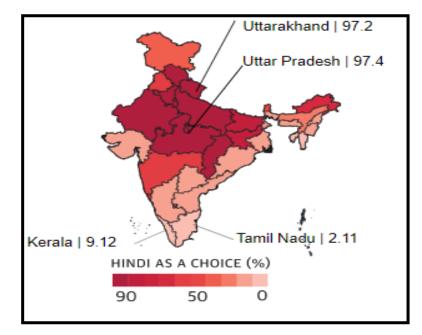
Select the correct statements using the code given below.

(a) II and III only

(b) I and II only

	 (c) All are Correct (d) I and III only (3). Where did Marcus Bartley get his first job? (a) Bollywood (b) Acting School (c) Newspaper (d) Writer (4). For which film Marcus Bartley got his first National Award 1969-1970? (a) Chemmeen (b) Shanti Nilayam (c) Mayabazaar (d) Vyarawalla (5). Which of the following statements is incorrect about Marcus Bartley? (a) He was fluent in Tamil and Telugu. (b) He got his first film in Madras. (c) He was a cinematographer. 		
Q.2	CASE BASED PASSAGE	5	Critical Thinking &
	 Read the passage given below and answer the questions that follow: [ANY FIVE] People in only 12 out of 35 States (figures are for undivided Andhra Pradesh) and Union Territories (UTs) had overwhelmingly chosen Hindi as their first choice for communication. Among the rest, while a few chose Hindi as their second or third language of communication, a majority of them chose English, according to the 2011 language Census. About 43.63% of the total population said their mother tongue was Hindi. Which Indian States are primarily Hindi-speaking according to the language Census? The 2011 Census data shows that most Indian States, apart from a handful of States in northern and central India, do not primarily speak Hindi but have adopted the language as a secondary language. Most southern and north-eastern States are not Hindi-speaking and have adopted English as their secondary language. The given map shows the State-wise percentage of people who stated that Hindi was their first, second or third choice of language. Most of the 12 States and UTs that chose Hindi as their first choice were located in northern and central India — over 96% of the population in Uttar Pradesh, Delhi, Uttarakhand and Himachal Pradesh speak Hindi. 		Problem Solving

significantly lower than most States. The southern and north-eastern States, apart from Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim, have the lowest proportion of Hindi-speaking population, among all States.



- 1.1 Based on your understanding of the passage, answer the questions given below.
 - (i) About how much percentage of population said that their mother tongue was Hindi?
 - (ii) Which states have adopted English as their secondary language of communication?

I	II	111		
Southern States	Northern States	North-Eastern St		
e) Lend III (b) Lend III (c) III end IV				

(a) I and II (b) I and III (c) III and IV (d) I, II and III (iii) Name any two states or union territories that chose

Hindi as their first language of communication.

- 1. _____ 2. _____
- (iv) Hindi speaking population in Arunachal Pradesh is(a) lowest among the north-eastern and southern
 - states. (b) higher than other north-eastern states.
 - (c) lowest among the north-eastern states.
 - (d) higher than other north-eastern and southern states.
- (v) Which state has a more lower share of Hindi speaking people than any other state?

	(a) Gujarat (b) Tamil Nadu (c) Kerala (d) West Bengal		
	 (vi) People of most states and union territories located in northern and central India (a) speak their own mother tongue rather than English or Hindi to communicate. (b) speak English as their first language of communication. (c) chose Hindi as their first choice of language for communication. (d) are divided in the usage of English and Hindi in their daily life for communication. 		
	(vii) State whether the following statement is TRUE or FALSE. Over 96% of population in Southern India speaks Hindi as their first language of communication.		
Q.3	Read the outlines given below of a story.Write it in full using these outlines and your own ideas. Write the answer in 150-200 words. Assign a suitable title and moral to it. Two friends travelling through a forest- agree to help each other in danger	5	Communicatio n skill
Q.4	GRAMMAR (i) Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete the sentence.	1x3	Analytical
	If only he us truth in the first place, things would not have gone wrong. (a) has told (b) would have told (c) had told (d) should have told		
	(ii) Read the conversation between Prateek and Raghav and complete the narration that follows.		
	Prateek: I don't feel well today. Raghav: What can I help you, Sir? Prateek: Can you take me to the doctor? Raghav: Yes, Sir.		
	Prateek told Raghav that he did not feel well that day. Raghav asked respectfully what he could help him. Prateek asked Raghav Prateek replied in the affirmative.		
	(iii) Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line.		

	If I dyed my hair green, everybody laugh at me. (a) would (b) should (c) may (d) can		
Q.5	(i) Identify the error in the given sentence and supply the correction.	2	Interdisciplinar y
	There are a little countries in the world where the population is not growing fast.		
	Use the given format for your response.		
	Error Correction		
	(ii) I met her by chance then I gone to get some Medicine which Sister Amy used to give.		
	Use the given format for your response.		
	Error Correction		
Q.6	Short Answer Type Questions	2x6	Evaluation
	 Answer the following questions in 30-40 words only. 1. What mythical reference does the author make about the Kaliyug? 		
	 How does the author analyse about the sound of the 'bansuri'? 		
	 What does Gerrard tell about his life when the Intruder asks him to sit down and have a nice talk? 		
	4. Why did the author often visit his old teachers? How did they try to encourage him?		
	 5. How did Lushkoff express his thanks to Olga who had made him a real man? 		
	6. How did the beggar invite the attention of Sergei?		

Q.7	Long Answer Type Questions Answer the following questions in100-120 words.	4x2	HOT
	1.Imagine that Gerrard decides to take some safety measures after the incident. What measures would you suggest to him?		
	2. Give a character-sketch of Olga. [Ch- The Beggar]		





Subject: Hindi Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	पढ़ाई के लिए लैपटॉप और इंटरनेट की उपयोगिता बताते हुए इसे खरीदने का अनुरोध करते हुए अपने पिता जी को पत्र लिखिए।	5	Information
2	वनों की अंधाधुंध कटाई पर चिंता प्रकट करते हुए दो मित्रों के मध्य हुए संवाद का लेखन 50 से 60 शब्दों में कीजिए।	6	Communication Skills
3	निम्नलिखित का व्याख्या कीजिए- (क) (i) पीपल के पत्ते-से नए-नए हाथ जूही की डाल-से खुशबूदार हाथ (ख) यहाँ स्मृति का भरोसा नहीं एक ही दिन में पुरानी पड़ जाती है दुनिया	2	Understanding
	निम्नलिखित शब्दों के प्रत्यय लिखिए। आनंदित -	3	
	प्रसन्नता - वास्तविक - निम्नलिखित शब्दों के उपसर्ग लिखिए।	3	
	बिनमॉंगे नासमझ प्रतिशत		

4	'खुशब् रचते हैं हाथ' कविता देश में व्याप्त किस विषमता की ओर संकेत करती है? इसका सामाजिक विकास पर क्या असर पड़ता है?	5	Analytical Skill
5	निम्नलिखित में से किसी एक विषय पर 80 - 100 शब्दों में अनुच्छेद लिखिए। मधुर वाणी की महत्ता अथवा	5	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
	देश-प्रेम		
6	निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए- 1. 'वसंत का गया पतझड़' और 'बैसाख का गया भादों को लौटा' से क्या अभिप्राय है? 2. कविता में कितने तरह के हाथों की चर्चा हुई है? 3. जहाँ अगरबत्तियाँ बनती हैं, वहाँ का माहौल कैसा होता है?	9	Evaluation





ARMYPUBLICSCHOOLGWALIOR CLASS-IX

ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-23 WORKSHEET (SELF-ASSESSMENT)

Assignment No.: 8

Subject: Mathematics

AllotmentDate:15 January

S.NO.		QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	The center of the cir	cle lies in of the circle.	1	understanding
	a. Interior	b. Exterior		
	c. Circumference	d. None of the above		
2	The longest chord of	of the circle is:	1	Application
	a. Radius	b. Arc		
	c. Diameter	d. Segment		
3	Equal of the other the centers.	congruent circles subtend equal angles at	: 1	understanding
	a. Segments	b. Radii		
	c. Arcs	d. Chords		
4	If chords AB and CD at their centres, the	of congruent circles subtend equal angle n:	es 1	Interdisciplinary
	a. AB = CD	b. AB > CD		
	c. AB < AD	d . None of the above		
5	0 0 1	BOC is a diameter of a circle and CD are two chords such =10cm, then CD=?	в 1	Analytical Skill
	a. 5 cm b. 12.5 d	cm c. 15 cm d. 10 cm	6	
6	The angle subtende	d by the diameter of a semi-circle is:	1	Critical
	a. 90 b. 45	c. 180 d. 60		Thinking and Problem Solving
7	If a line intersects tv C and D, then:	vo concentric circles with centre O at A, B	, 1	Application
	a. AB = CD	b. AB > CD		
	c. AB < CD	d. None of the above		

		Analytical Thinking
a. 30º b. 40º c. 50º d. 80º		
AB = 30 cm, the distance of AB from the centre of the		Understanding
inscribed in a circle such that $\angle BAC = 60^{\circ}$ and $\angle DBC = 50^{\circ}$. then, $\angle BCD =$	607	Interdisciplinary
In the nines figure Q is the centre of a sincle If	C A	
$\angle OAB = 40^{\circ}$ and C is a point on the circle, then $\angle ACB =$	0 140* B	Interdisciplinary
	<u> </u>	Application
circle and $AB = AC$. Then, $\angle ABC =$	\sim	Application
a. 30° b. 45° c. 60° d. 90° B	ō	
In the figure, O is the centre of a circle passing through points A, B, C and D and $\angle ADC = 120^{\circ}$. Find the value of x.		Evaluation
In the figure. PQRS is a cyclic guadrilateral.	R 2	Analytical
Find the value of x.	ye x Q	Thinking
In the given figure, ∠ACP = 40° and BPD = 120°, then find ∠CBD.		Evaluation
In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^\circ$, $\angle DCE = 25^\circ$, then find $\angle BAC$.	B 2	Evaluation
	circle circumscribing it and $\angle ADC = 140^\circ$, then $\angle BAC$ it it. a. 30° b. 40° c. 50° d. 80° AD is the diameter of a circle and AB is a chord. If AL AB = 30 cm, the distance of AB from the centre of the a. 4 cm b. 8 cm c. 15 cm d. 17 cm In the given figure, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DBC$ are inscribed in a circle such that $\angle BAC = 60^\circ$ and $\angle DBC = 50^\circ$. then, $\angle ABC$ = a. 50° b. 60° c. 70° d. 80° In the given figure, O is the centre of a circle. If $\angle OAB = 40^\circ$ and C is a point on the circle, then $\angle ACB =$ a. 40° b. 50° c. 80° d. 100° In the given figure, BOC is a diameter of a circle and AB = AC. Then, $\angle ABC =$ a. 30° b. 45° c. 60° d. 90° In the figure, O is the centre of a circle passing through points A, B, C and D and $\angle ADC = 120^\circ$. Find the value of x. In the figure, PQRS is a cyclic quadrilateral. Find the value of x. In the given figure, $\angle ACP = 40^\circ$ and BPD = 120° , then find $\angle CBD$.	a. 30° b. 40° c. 50° d. 80° AD is the diameter of a circle and AB is a chord. If AD = 34 cm, 1 AB = 30 cm, the distance of AB from the centre of the circle is a. 4 cm b. 8 cm c. 15 cm d. 17 cm In the given figure, $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle DBC$ are inscribed in a circle such that $\angle BAC = 60^{\circ}$ and $\angle DBC = 50^{\circ}$. then, $\angle BCD =$ a. 50° b. 60° c. 70° d. 80° In the given figure, O is the centre of a circle. If $\angle OAB = 40^{\circ}$ and C is a point on the circle, then $\angle ACB =$ a. 40° b. 50° c. 80° d. 100° In the given figure, BOC is a diameter of a circle and AB = AC. Then, $\angle ABC =$ a. 30° b. 45° c. 60° d. 90° In the figure, O is the centre of a circle passing through points A, B, C and D and $\angle ADC = 120^{\circ}$. Find the value of x. In the figure, PORS is a cyclic quadrilateral. Find the value of x. In the given figure, $\angle ACP = 40^{\circ}$ and BPD = 120° , then find $\angle CBD$. In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given figure, if $\angle BEC = 120^{\circ}$, $\angle DCE =$ In the given

17.	Equal chords of a circle subtends equal angles at the centre.	A C T T C	2	Analytical thinking
18.	In the figure, chord AB of circle with centr produced to Csuch that BC = OB. CO is jo produced to meet the circle in D. If $\angle ACD$ = x, show that x = 3y.	ined and	2	Problem solving
19.	In the given figure, P is the centre of the circle. Prove that :∠XPZ = 2(∠X∠Y + ∠YXZ).	x p z	2	Evaluation
20.	If two equal chords of a circle intersect within a circle, prove that the line segment joining the point of intersection to the centre makes equal angles with the chords.		2	Interdisciplinary
21.	In the given figure, O is the centre of the circle, ∠AOB = 60° and CDB = 90°. Find ∠OBC.	0 60° 00° C	3	Critical thinking
22.	If the diagonals of a cyclic quadrilateral are diameters of the circle through the opposite vertices of the quadrilateral. Prove that the quadrilateral is a rectangle.		3	HOTS
23.	If two circles intersect in two points, prove to through their centres is the perpendicular bit common chord.		3	HOTS

24.	In the given figure, PQR = 100°, where P, Q and R are points on a circle with centre O. Find LOPR.	P 100° O R	3	HOTS
		Ă		





Subject: Science Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	Q1. List two conditions which need to be satisfied for the work to be done on an object.	1	Information
	Q2. Is it possible for the atom of an element to have one electron, one proton and no neutron? If so, name the	1	
	element. Q3.Name two fodder crops raised as food for the livestock?	1	
2	Q4. Write three factors that influence the production of good quality of milk?	3	Understanding
	Q5. What types of energy transformation takes place in the following: (i) Electric heater	3	
	(ii) Solar battery (iii) Dynamo		
	Q6. List any three distinguishing features between the models of an atom proposed by J.J. Thomson and Ernest Rutherford.	3	
3	Q7. (a) Derive an expression for kinetic energy of an object. (b) If the velocity of an object is doubled. What will be change in its kinetic energy?	3	НОТ
	Q8. Atomic Mass exists as whole number, why do we write the atomic mass of chlorine as 35.5 u.	3	
4	Q9. Differentiate between layers and Broilers?	3	Interdisciplinary
	Q10. Four men lift a 250 kg box to a height of 1 m and hold it without raising or lowering it. (a) How much work is done by the men in lifting the box? (b) How much work do they do in just holding it? (c) Why do they get tired while holding it? (g = 10 ms ⁻²)	3	
5	Q11. What are the postulates of Bohr's model of an atom?Q12. An atom of an element has two electrons in outermost M-shell. State its:	3	Analytical Skill
	(i) Electronic configuration(ii) Number of protons(iii) Nature whether metal or non-metal	3	
6	Q13. Suggest some preventive measures for the diseases of poultry birds ?	5	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

7	Q14. With the help of neat labelled diagram describe the structure and function of human heart?	5	Evaluation	



S. NO.

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ARMY PUBLIC SCHOOL GWALIOR CLASS – IX **ACADEMIC SESSION 2022-23** WORKSHEET (SELF - ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Social Science Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

QUESTIONS

(iii)Tundra

NATURE MARKS 1....refers to the sum of weather conditions and Information 1

-	variations over a large area for a long period of time.	-	 1
	(i) Monsoon		1
	(ii) Climate		1
	(iii)Weather		1
	(iv)Environmental effects		1
	 Which among the following fluctuates very often even within a day? (i)Weather 	1	
	(ii)Climate		1
	(iii)Atmospheric conditions		I
	(iv)Seasons		I
			1
	3. India has which type of climate?	1	1
	(i) Oceanic		1
	(ii) Monsoon		1

(iv)Tropical Savanna	
4.The climate of India strongly influenced by-	1
(i) Westerlies winds	
(ii) Monsoon winds	
(iii) Easterlies Winds	
(iv) Local winds	
5.The monsoon is experienced at which of the follow regions?	^{ving} 1
(i) Tropical	
(ii) Polar	
(iii) Temperate	
(iv) None of these	
6. Why were forests cleared off rapidly during the colonial period?	1
(i) Forests were considered to be wasteland.	
(ii) To fulfil the demand of commercial crops.	
(iii) To fulfil the demand of timber.	
(iv) All of the above	
7. When was the Indian Forest Act passed?	1
(i) In 1869	
(ii) In 1855	
(iii) In 1865	
(iv) In 1860	

	8.Which new trade was created due to the introduction of new forest laws?(i) Cultivation	1	
	(ii) Collecting latex from wild rubber trees(iii) Hunting		
	(iv) None of these		
	9. How many trees were being cut annually for sleepers in 1850s in the Madras Presidency?	1	
	(i) 38,000 trees		
	(ii) 35,890 trees		
	(iii) 37,990 trees		
	(iv) 35,000 trees		
	10. The Kalangs were known for their skills in-	1	
	(i) Forest cutting		
	(ii) Giving training to forest cutting		
	(iii) Fluent speaking		
	(iv) Farming		
2	(a)Differentiate between weather and climate.	3	Understanding
	(b)What do understand by shifting cultivation ?	3	
3	(a) "Monsoons are known for their uncertainties and vagaries."	3	НОТ
	Explain.		
	(b)What is deforestation? Mention any two causes of deforestation.	3	

4	(a) Changes in the pressure condition over the Southern oceans also	3	Interdisciplinary
	Affect the monsoons .Explain.		
	or		
	(b) "Forests are valuable assets for any nation", How can we conserve forests?		
5	(a) How does climate regulate the standard of living and food habits	5	Analytical Skill
	of people of the Indian sub-continent?		
	or		
	(b) What are the new developments in forestry?		
6	 a)Discuss the mechanism of monsoons. (b) For what purpose did the British invite Dietrich Brandis a German expert? What did he do to manage the forests 	5 '5	Evaluation
	of India?		





Subject: Artificial Intelligence Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1.	Choose the correct answer.		
A)	What is the output of the following arithmetic expression?	1	Understanding
	5+3*2%10-8*6		
	a37 b42 c32		
	d28		
В)	 Who invented C Language? a. Charles Babbage b. Grahambel c. Dennis Ritchie d. Steve Jobs 	1	Understanding
C)	C Language is a successor to which language? a. FORTRAN b. D Language c. BASIC d. B Language		
D)	C is a which level language.? a. Low Level b. High Level c. Low + High d. None	1	Understanding
2.	State whether these statements are true or false.		
Ζ.	State whether these statements are true of faise.		
A)	A Variable of a particular type can hold only a constant of the same type.	1	Analytical Thinking
B)	12.5 is a floating point constant.	1	Understanding
C)	3.15 is an integer constant.	1	Understanding

3.	Fill in the blanks.		
A)	C language was invented to develop Operating System.	1	Understanding
B)	A C program is a combination of	1	Understanding
C)	The operator "" is known asoperator.	1	Understanding





Subject: Health and Physical Education Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

S.NO	Answer the following questions	NATURE	Marks 1X10=10
1.	What is the Standard weight of discus for men? (a) 2 kg (b) 3 kg (c) 2.5 kg (d) 3 kh	Informative	1
2.	In high jump event cross bar weight should be (a) 2.5 kg (b) 3 kg (c) 4 kg (d) 2 kg	Informative	1
3	Internationally approved distance for long cross country race for woman is- (a) 12 km (b) 10 km (c) 9 km (d) 6 km	Informative	1
4	In which race runners can leave the track, but when he/she return doesn't shorten his distance- (a) 5,000 m (b) 10,000 m (c) 20,000 m (d) 30,000 m	Analytical	1
5	IAAF stands for- (a) International amateur athletic federation (b) International association of amateur federation (c) International association of athletic federation (d) Both (a) and (b)	Interdisciplinary	1

	is-	Interdisciplinary	
	(a) 1.22 m		
	(b) 1.25 m		
	(c) 2.50 m		
	(d) 3.50 m		
7.	What is the width of line in track?	Informative	1
	5 cm		
	7cm		
	8cm		
	10cm		
8.	What is the weight of baton in relay race?		1
	50gram	Informative	
	100 gram		
	150 gram		
	200 gram		
9.	Asian games were held in which year?	Informative	1
	1951		
	1952		
	1953		
	1954		
10	What is the radius of 400 m. track?		1
	36.50	Analytical	
	37.50		
	38.50		
	39.50		





Subject: Music and Dance Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

Answer the following questions: S. No Marks Skills What is the singing time of yamanraaga? 1. 1 Informative a. Evening time B. morning time 1 2. Informative what is the baadi swar in raag yaman ? a. Gandhar(Ga) b. Nishad (Ni) 1 Informative 3. How many parts in keharwa taal? a. 2 b. 4 Informative 4. 1 What is north Indian classical music known as? a. Hindustani b. Carnatic How many matras in keharwataal? 1 Informative 5. a.10 b.8 Which instrument is avnadhyavadya? 1 Informative 6. a. Damru b. Flute 7. Who is the king of Dance? 1 Informative a. Natraj , shiva b. Lord Vishnu What is lasyanritya? 1 Informative 8. a. Classical dance b. Folk dance Which type of instrument is shankh? 9. 1 Informative a. Shushir b. string 10. What is kavitya. 1 Informative a. Bol of tabla/pakhawaj b. Musical lyrics





Subject: Computer Allotment Date: 15 January 2023

S. No.	Questions	Marks	Nature
1	Write answer in one word:-	4x1=4	Information
	 a) Which tool allows you to remove imperfections from an image? 		
	b) Which tool lets you paint a pattern in an image?		
	c) Which tool lets you type text in an image?		
	d) Which tool repairs a selected area with pixels from other area or pattern?		
2	Fill in the blanks- a) The warp text options lies in themenu.	4 x 1=4	Understanding
	 b) The Eraser tool menu also contains the and tools. 		
	c) The tool is used to darken area of an image.		
	d) The tool is used to lighten the area of an image.		
3	Write short notes on following- (a) Dodge tool	2 x1 =2	НОТ
	(b) Type tool		