



ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: English Assignment No.: 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	Make a ppt on freedom fighters or on the Glimpses of the Past with a brief information.	4m	Information
2	Read the following extract and answer the questions given below: "Macavity, Macavity, there is no one like Macavity, For he's a fiend and feline shape, a monster of depravity. You may meet him in a by- street, you may see him in a square-But when a crime's discovered, then Macavity's not there!" Questions: 1. Who is 'he' in the above extract? 2. What does the poet mean by-'He's a fiend and feline shape'? 3. What is peculiar with Macavity?	3m	Understanding
3	Do you think that society should always resist change or reform in order to preserve its traditional values? Answer in about100 words.	4m	НОТ
5	Identify the infinitives in the given sentences and underline it. 1. To err is human. 2. People like to gossip. 3. The baby is about to fall.	3m	Analytical Skill
6	Was Raja Ram Mohan Roy against his culture? Explain in 100 words.	4m	Critical Thinking
7	Answer the following questions in about 20-30 words. 1. How can one recognise Macavity? 2. The Giant realize his mistake. What did he do then? 3. Why was Regulation III oppressive?	3x2=6m	Evaluation

Ī	8	You are Ankit/Ankita. Your school is celebrating the 26 th National	3m	Communication
		Reading Day from 19 th June to !8 th July Write a diary entry sharing		Skills
		about your participation in the online activities and competitions		
		being organised by the P.N. Panicker Foundation in about 100		
		words.		





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22

WORKSHEET (SELF -ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Hindi Assignment No.: 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	निम्नलिखित शब्दों के अर्थ लिखिए	5	Understanding
	प्रशस्ति- पत्र		
	मुस्तैद		
	हैसियत		
	अहमियत		
	तह		
2	नगर - निगम के स्वास्थ्य अधिकारी को एक पत्र लिखकर उनसे	5	Communication Skills
	अपने मोहल्ले की सफ़ाई कराने का अनुरोध कीजिए		
3	निम्नलिखित प्रश्नों के उत्तर दीजिए	2x2=4	Evaluation
	(क) पत्र लेखन की कला के विकास के लिए क्या - क्या प्रयास		
	हुए? लिखिए		
	(ख) कवि ने पक्षी और बादल को भगवान के डाकिए क्यों बताया		
	है स्पष्ट कीजिए		
4	(क) प्रत्यय की परिभाषा उदाहरण सहित लिखिए	2x3=6	Understanding

	(ख) नीचे लिखे प्रत्यय की सहायता से दो - दो शब्द बनाइए -		
	ता-		
	अक -		
	(ग) दिए गए शब्दों में से मूल शब्द और प्रत्यय अलग कीजिए -		
	सरलता -		
	स्वदेशी -		
5	निम्निलिखित पदों के समस्त पद बनाकर समास का नाम भी	5	Understanding
	लिखिए -		
	(क) सात दिनों का समूह		
	(ख) रेखा से अंकित		
	(ग) महान है जो पुरुष		
	(घ) राजा का पुत्र		
	(इ) तीन नेत्र हैं जिसके		
6	निम्निलिखित शब्दों में से मूल शब्द , उपसर्ग अथवा प्रत्यय अलग -	5	Interdisciplinary
	अलग कीजिए -		
	(क) अभिमानी		
	(ख) स्वदेशी		
	(ग) बेरोजगारी		
	(घ) स्वतंत्रता		
	(इ) बेहोशी		
	1		





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Mathematics Assignment No. : 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	If 20-30 is the class interval of grouped data, then What is the lower class limit of the class interval.	1	Information
2	A bag has 4 red balls and 4 green balls, what is the probability of getting a red ball randomly?	1	Understanding
3	Write the unit digit of the square of 567.	1	Understanding
4	How many natural numbers lie between 9 ² and 10 ²	1	Understanding
5	Identify all the quadrilaterals whose diagonals are perpendicular bisector of each other.	1	Information
6	Write the sum of the first four odd natural numbers?	1	Application
7	Angles of a quadrilateral are in the ratio 2:3:5:8.find all angles of the quadrilateral.	1	Understanding and problem solving
8	Find the square root of 729 using factorisation method.	1	Critical thinking and problem solving
9	ABCD is a rectangle and AC & BD are its diagonals. If AC = 10 cm, then write the length of BD.	1	Analytical skill
10	Write the name of quadrilaterals whose diagonals are perpendicular to each other.	1	Information

11	Write a Pythagorean triplet whose one member is 6.	2	Analytical skill
12	Show that 121 is the sum of 11 odd natural numbers.	2	Critical thinking and problem solving
13	Find the smallest whole number by which 1008 should be multiplied so as to get a perfect square number	2	Understanding
14	Find the square roots of 100 and 169 by the method of repeated subtraction.	2	Critical thinking and problem solving
15	If you have a spinning wheel with 3 green sectors, 1 blue sector and 1 red sector, what is the probability of getting a green sector? What is the probability of getting a non-blue sector?.	2	HOTs
16	Find the smallest whole number by which 2800 should be divided so as to get a perfect square	2	Understanding
17	Find the smallest square number that is divisible by each of the numbers 8, 15 and 2	2	Critical thinking and problem solving
18	A survey was made to find the type of music that a certain group of young people liked in a city. The adjoining pie chart shows the findings of this survey. From this pie chart, answer the following: (i) If 20 people liked classical music, how many young people were surveyed? (ii) Which type of music is liked by the maximum number of people? (iii) If a cassette company were to make 1000 CD's, how many of	3	HOTs

	each type would they make?		
20	The number of hours for which students of a particular class watched television during holidays is shown through the given graph. Answer the following:	3	Understanding and problem solving
	(i) For how many hours did the maximum number of students watch T.V.?		
	(ii) How many students watched TV for less than 4 hours?		
	(iii) How many students spent more than 5 hours watching TV?		
	32 28 29 20 20 10 10 11 12 3 4 4 4 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 16ours of TV watched per day—		
20	In the given figure, ABCD is a parallelogram. Find x, y and z.	5	Application and problem solving
	DE B		
21	State whether True or False.	5	Understanding
	(a) All rectangles are squares.		
	(b) All rhombuses are parallelograms.		
	(c) All squares are rhombuses and also rectangles.		
	(d) All squares are not parallelograms.		
	(e) All kites are rhombuses.		





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22

WORKSHEET (SELF -ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Science Assignment No. : 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
Q1	Answer the following questions. I. Where were matchsticks first used? ii. Which part of a flame does a goldsmith blow for melting gold and silver? iii. What is the unit for expressing the calorific value of a fuel?	1x3=3	Information
Q2	i. What is combustion?ii. Define ignition temperature of a fuel.?	2X2=4	Understanding
Q3	 i. How does a matchstick catch fire? II. What are combustible and non-combustible substances? iii. What are inflammable substances? Give examples. iv. Define spontaneous combustion.? 	2x4=8	НОТ

Q4	Give two examples each of solid fuels, liquid fuels and gaseous fuels.? ii.Give two examples of fuels that are used to generate electricity.?	2x2=4	Interdisciplinary
Q5	i.Mention any three characteristics of a good fuel.?		
		3x3=9	Analytical Skill
	II. 60 kg of fuel was completely burnt for an experiment. The amount of heat energy was found to be 1,80,000 kJ. Calculate the calorific value of the fuel.?		Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
	III .Sourav was heating oil to fry potato chips. The cooking oil all of a sudden caught fire. He took water to pour on the fire to extinguish it. But meanwhile his mother came and switched off the gas and covered the wok completely with a plate.		Evaluation
	(a)Do you think pouring water to the burning oil would have worked? Why?(b)Do you think what Sourav's mother had done is right? Why?(c)Can you suggest other ways in which we can stop		
	fire due to burning oil?		
Q 6.	Write in brief about the reasons of forest fires.?	5x1=5	Communicati on Skills





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Social Science Assignment No.: 4

S. NO.	QUESTIO	NS	MARKS	NATURE	
1	Fill in the i)	blanks and rewrite the sentences. The Champaran movement was against —————	11	Information and Understanding	
	ii)	The international demand for indigo was affected by the discovery of			
	iii)	The demand for Indigo increased in late eighteenth century Britain because of			
	iv)	The British described the Tribal people as			
	v)	The method of sowing seeds in jhum cultivation is known as			
	vi)	Tribals went to work in the of Assam and in Bihar.			
	vii)	To force someone to do something			
	viii)	State's efforts to influence a particular matter			
	ix)	People do not participate in democracy.			
	x)	If a political party joins with other political parties in case majority is not found such government is called			
	xi)	means all adult citizens allowed to vote .			

2	Give one problem which arose with the new Munro system.	3	HOTS
3	What was Birsa's vision of a Golden age ?	3	Understanding
4	Describe the main features of permanent settlement .	3	Communication skill
5	What problems did shifting cultivators face under British rule?	4	Critical thinking
6	Will the Government intervene if some religion allows them to practice infanticide? Give reasons.	4	Analytical Skill
7	In the map of India mark the states and Union Territories.	2	Evaluation





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Sanskrit Assignment No.: 4

S.NO.	QUESTIONS					MARKS	NATURE
1	मञ्जूषातः पदानि		Information				
	वृद्ध:	(5)					
	साटृहासम						
	एकस्मिन् वने एक बद्ध: अभवत्। सः ब		•		न विस्तारिते जाले भवत्।		
	अहो! भवान् जाले व	बद्ध:। अहं त्वां	इच्ह	अमि। तच्छ्रत्वा			
	अवदत्-3 मोचयिष्यसि	अहं त्व	ां न हनिष्यामि।	मूषकः			
2	तज्जालस्य अधोलिखितानां प्रश					(5)	Understanding
_	(क) स्वकीयं साधन	~	ण एकपदम ।लख	α -		(5)	ondorotanding
	(ख) चञ्चल: व्याघ्रं						
	(य) यज्यसः ज्याप्र (ग) सततं किं करप	5					
	(घ) बदरी-ग्ल्मानां	•	ना आसीत?				
	। (ङ) सः कीदृशः का						
	, ,						
3	रेखांकित पदमाधृत्य	य प्रश्ननिर्माणं	कुरुत -			(5)	Interdisciplinary
	(क) व्याध: व्याघ्रं <u>ज</u>	<u>गलात्</u> बहिः निर	सारयत्।				
	(ख) चञ्चलः <u>वृक्षम</u> ्	उपगम्य अपृच्ह	ऽ त्।				

	(ग) व्याघ्रः <u>लोमशिकायै</u> निखिलां कथां न्यवेदयत्।		
	(घ) मानवाः <u>वृक्षाणां</u> छायायां विरमन्ति।		
	(ङ) व्याघ् <u>चः नद्याः</u> जलेन व्याधस्य पिपासामशमयत्।		
4	लट्लकारपदेभ्यः लोट्-विधिलिङ्लकारपदानां निर्माणं कुरुत–	(5)	Analytical Skill
	लट्लकारे लोट्लकारे विधिलिङ्लकारे		
	¹ હેત્રસિ		
	2 खादन्ति		
	3 पिबामि		
	4 हसतः		
	5 नयामः		
5	उचितकथनानां समक्षम् 'आम्', अनुचितकथनानां समक्षं 'न' इति लिखत–	(5)	Critical
	(क) निजनिकेतनं गिरिशिखरे अस्ति। ()		Thinking and Problem
	(ख) स्वकीयं बलं बाधकं भवति। ()		Solving
	(ग) पथि हिंस्रा: पशवः न सन्ति। ()		
	(घ) गमनं सुकरम् अस्ति। ()		
	(ङ) सदैव अग्रे एव चलनीयम्। ()		
6	मातरम् प्रति लिखितं पत्रं मंजूषा सहायतया पूरयत -	(5)	Communication Skills
	(अभिनयम् ,सर्वेभ्यः, मुख्यातिथिः , अध्ययनम्, वार्षिकोत्सवः)		
	ग्वालियर नगरात्		

10/ 7 /202 1	
पूजनीयाःमातृचरणाः !	
नमोनमः। अत्र कुशलं तत्रास्तु । मम विद्यालये आसीत् । तत्र अहं	
एकं कृतवान । मुख्यमंत्री महोदयः रूपेण आगतवान् ।	
मम सम्यक् चलति। गृहे नमोनमः ।	
भवदीयः	
राकेशः	





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22

WORKSHEET (SELF -ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Computer Assignment No.: 4

S.NO.	QUESTI	ONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	Choose a	and write the correct option (MCQ):-	1/2x5=2.5	Information
a)	A question	on represented in a way that Access can understand		
	(i)	Report		
	(ii)	Query		
	(iii)	Datasheet		
b)	The shor	tcut key to save a query is		
	(i)	Ctrl+S		
	(ii)	Ctrl+V		
	(iii)	Alt+S		
c)	Query us	sed to display the records that have same values for one or		
	more spe	ecified fields.		
	(i)	Simple query		
	(ii)	Unmatched query		
	(iii)	Duplicate query		
d)	While so	rting on more than one field, the more important field is		
	called			
	(i)	Minor key		
	(ii)	Enter key		
	(iii)	Major key		

	/: \			
1	(i)	* and /		
	(ii)	* and ?		
	(iii)	+ and ?		
2	Fill in the	blanks-	1/2 x7 =3.5	Understanding
	(i)	A query can be created using and		
	(ii)	To create a selected query view can be used.		
	(iii)	Run button is present ontab.		
	(iv)	The lines that are printed for each record are called		
	(v)	is the quick way of building a report.		
	(vi)	The conditions that identify the records you want to find		
		is called		
	(vii)	The fields on which the records are sorted is called the		
		in Report.		
3	Answer t	ne following questions -	1x4= 4	НОТ
	(i)	What do you understand by query? Explain the different		
		types of queries.		
	(ii)	Define Criteria.		
	(iii)	What do you understand by wildcards? Name the		
		special wildcards used in Access.		
	(iv)	What is sorting? Why do we need it?		





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: G.K Assignment No.: 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	Q1. Fill in the blanks and rewrite the sentences. i) Wherever possible waste production. ii) Buy products with packing. iii) Say to plastic bags. iv) Baby goats are called	4	Information and Understanding
2	Name the following- i.The most violently toxic plant in North America ii.The highly poisonous mushroom is	2	HOTS Interdisciplinary
3	Why are butterfly insects?	1	Understanding
4	i.ls dolphin fish or a mammal? Why? Is shark fish or a mammal? Why?	1	Understanding
5	Where the Leopard of the air is found?	1	Understanding
6	Why is the national bird of Philippines on the brink of extinction ?	1	Analytical Skill





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Art Education Assignment No. : 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	What kind of math is used in mandalas?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Rhombus geometry		
	B. Square geometry		
	C. Triangle geometry		
	D. Circle geometry		
2	A mandala, which is Sanskrit for	1 mark	
	A. Discoid object		Creative Skills
	B. Domicile		
	C. Barbarian		
	D. Locale		
3	What paint do you use for mandalas?	1 mark	Creative Skills
3	A. Anti-corrosive paint.	IIIIaik	Creative Skills
	B. Acrylic paint		
	C. Emulsion paint		
	D. Enamel paint		
4	Which one is not a component of a Mandala art?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Symmetry		
	B. Geometry		
	C. Balance		
	D. Colour		

5	Strength, high energy and passion represent by which colour	1 mark	Creative Skills
	in mandala art?		
	A. ORANGE		
	B. YELLOW		
	C. GREEN		
	D. RED		
<u></u> 6.	Which Colour material is best for Mandala?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Gel pens		
	B. Sketch pens		
	C. Fountain pens		
	D. Pencil colour		
	Which pen is used for mandala art?	1 mark	Creative Skills
7	A. Pitt Artist Pens		
	B. Ball pens		
	C. Sketch pens		
	D. Fountain pens		
8	Which one is not a type of Mandalas?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Teaching Mandala		
	B. Learning Mandala		
	C. Healing Mandala		
	D. Sand Mandala		
9	tend to represent the universe, often carrying	1 mark	Creative Skills
	meanings related to life and energy.		
	A. Bell		
	B. Sun		
	C. Triangle		
	D. Lotus flower		
10	represent action and energy, and when facing	1 mark	Creative Skills
	downward, they represent creativity and the pursuit of		
	knowledge.		
	A. Bell		

B. Sun	
C. Triangle	
D. Lotus flower	





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22

WORKSHEET (SELF -ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Work Education Assignment No.: 4

S. NO.	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	is a glazed or unglazed fired clay used especially for	1 mark	Creative Skills
	statuettes and vases and architectural purposes.		
	A. Terracotta		
	B. Plastic art		
	C. Woodcraft		
	D. Pottery		
2	The meaning of Terracotta is	1 mark	
	A. Depiction		Creative Skills
	B. Illustration		
	C. Delineation		
	D. Baked earth		
3	Who invented Terracotta?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Anna Atkins		
	B. Qin Shi Huang		
	C. John James Audubon		
	D. Samuel Morse		
4	Terracotta is a type of ceramic pottery which is used to make	1 mark	Creative Skills
	many		
	A. Kite		
	B. Flower pots		
	C. Pens		
	D. Papers		

5	terracotta is manufactured by mixing clay with	1 mark	Creative Skills
	finely manufactured fragmented rocks.		
	A. Porous		
	B. Kaolin		
	C. Earthenware		
	D. Polish		
6.	terracotta is manufactured from refractory clay	1 mark	Creative Skills
	mixing with quartz sand and chalk.		
	A. Polish		
	B. Porous		
	C. Kaolin		
	D. Earthenware		
7	The terracotta consists of, Ground glass, crushed	1 mark	Creative Skills
	pottery and clean white sand		
	A. Ink		
	B. Block		
	C. Water		
	D. Dry clay		
8	Which place is famous for terracotta horses?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Rewa division district		
	B. Narmadapuram district		
	C. Sagar division district		
	D. Bankura district		
9	The community in Tamil Nadu is also known for	1 mark	Creative Skills
	their terracotta work.		
	E. Buddhists		
	F. Aiyanar		
	G. Zoroastrians.		
	H. Christians		
10	What makes terracotta red?	1 mark	Creative Skills
	A. Iron		
	B. Sand		
	C. Water		
	D. None of above		





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Health and Physical Education Assignment No.: 4

S.NO	MULTIPLE CHOICE QUESTIONS (1 to 4)	NATURE	MARKS 1X10
1.	"Prana" in pranayama means A. gain control B. vital life force C. strength D. Stamina	Informatory	1
2	Benefits of yoga are - A. its beneficial for spinal column B. It enlarges thoracic cavity C. It develops balancing power in body D. All of these	Informatory	1
3	Yoga practices are to make people free from- A. Disease B. Ignorance C. Egoism D. All of these	Informatory	1
4	Health is not just absence of A. Studies B. Emotion C. Disease D. Happiness	Understandin g	1
5	Fill in the blanks (question 5 to 7) is an example of agility. [squats, dot drill]	Informatory	1
6	It means complete suspension of breathing. [pranayama, asanas]	Understandin g	1

7	The aim of yoga is to control over [mind, future]	Understandin g	1
8	True and False (question 8 to 10) Asanas are of three types meditative asanas, relaxation asanas and cultural asanas.	Analytical	1
9	In texts like Bhagwat Gita pranayama means complete suspension of breathing.	Informatory	1
10	Yoga creates emotional instability in body.	Critical thinking	1





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Library Assignment No.: 4

S.NO	QUESTIONS	MARKS	NATURE
1	How were the children of low caste families treated in the school?	01	Understanding
2	From where did Dr Ambedkar do his graduation?	01	comprehension
3	Why was Dr Ambedkar given a scholarship to do his MA in the US?	01	comprehension
4	How many PhDs did Dr Ambedkar receive in all?	01	comprehension
5	After his tenure as law minister, what was he appointed as ?	01	comprehension
6	Complete the sentences. Education will help you achieve your	01	comprehension
7	Education leads to	01	Analysis
8	Education helps to adapt to	01	comprehension
9	It enables you to take	01	comprehension
10	Education makes us	01	comprehension





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Music Assignment No.: 4

Sr. no.	Answer the following Question	Nature	Marks 1x10= 10
1	Music is originated in the period .	informative	1
	A)Indus valley civilization B)vedic period C)Both A and B		
2	The two Indian epics are	Understanding	1
	A)Ramayana B) Mahabharata C) Both A and B		
3	The great Musicians of history of Indian music are	Informative	1
	A)Swami Haridas B)Pandit Jas Raj C)Sultan khan		
4	The only evidence of Music is originated in Indus Valley is	Creative	1
	A)Bronze sculpture of dancing bala B) Gold sculpture of dancing bala C) silver sculpture of dancing bala		
5	Which of the following are the great Musicians .	informative	1
	A)Tansen B)Amir C)both a and b		
6	Indian music is at least 4000 years old . True / False	Informative	1
7	In kathak toda's made out of natwari bole .	informative	1
	True / false		

8	At that time, swara was called "yama " . True / False	Informative	1
9	The oldest music in the world is found in veda .	Informative	1
10	After the decline of Indus Valley civilization the stage of period began .	Understanding	1





ACADEMIC SESSION 2021-22 WORKSHEET (SELF –ASSESSMENT)

Subject: Discipline Assignment No.: 4

Allotment Date: 18 July 2021

When Gertrude Grew Great

Gertrude was just an average kid with an average life. She lived in an average sized house in an average neighborhood in a totally typical town. At home, she helped out just enough to slide by. At school, she did just enough homework to stay out of trouble. She had straight 'C's in all of her classes.

One day Gertrude's teacher, Mr. Mister, stopped her after class. "Gertrude," he said, "I know that you can do better. I've seen the work you do in class, and some of it is amazing... way better than 'C' work." Gertrude knew that there were moments when she did try a little harder than what everyone expected, like when she put extra elbow grease into some of the dishes to make them *really* sparkle; or, when she took extra time with her handwriting on a few problems of her homework to make it look fancy. But she just didn't have confidence in herself. She didn't really believe that she could change; in fact, she was scared by the thought of having the power to become whatever she wanted. She had done just enough to get by for so long that being mediocre was her lifestyle. She stopped listening to Mr. Mister about half way through and just nodded her head until he stopped. Then, she walked out at an average pace.

That night, Gertrude had a dream. It was ten years into the future and she was still living with her mom in her average neighborhood. She could not find an average job, because even the average jobs were filled by above-average workers: people who did more than what was expected of them. Gertrude loved her mom, but she wanted more for herself. She wanted her own place, her own life. A voice spoke in the dream: "The present is nothing more than the outcome of the choices made in the past. The future will only be the results of the choices we make today." Gertrude began crying average sized tears, because she knew that she helped shape the world in which she lived, and the choices she made produced the options she had. She woke up with her pillow wet.

Gertrude was relieved to be back in middle school. She took a little more care in getting herself ready that morning, and she looked better than normal. She tried harder in school, and she felt smarter than usual. She helped more around the house, and she felt better than typical. Soon the pattern of success replaced the pattern of mediocrity, and Gertrude became great at everything. Sure, there were still lots of things that Gertrude struggled with, but just trying her best made her feel better when she didn't succeed, and Gertrude even became great at failing by learning from her mistakes.

Ten years later, Gertrude lived in an average sized house in an average neighborhood in a totally typical town. She was just the average adult, working much harder than average to earn an average living. But

her happiness was above average, because her life was hers. She still visited with her mom quite a bit. But when she was done, she was happy to go to her own house. Gertrude was living the great life.

S. No	Question	Marks	Nature
1.	Fill in the blanks-		Knowledge & Understanding
	i. Change your Change your	08	
	ii. Gertrude was just ankid with an average		
	iii. She had'C's in all of her classes.		
	iv. That night, Gertrude had a		
	v. Gertrude even became great at failing by from her mistakes.		
	vi. She took a little more in getting herself ready that morning,		
	vii. She still visited with her mom a bit.		
	viii. Gertrude was living the life.		
2.	Choose the correct answer-		
	A voice spoke in the dream: "The present is nothing more than the outcome of the choices made in the past. The future will only be the results of the choices we make today."		Thinking Skills
	i. Whatever we are doing today, will make our future.ii. We can waste as much time as we want.	01	
	iii. The future is unpredictableiv. The present can be made beautiful.		
3.	Tick the correct answer-	01	Thinking Chille
	Which form of story is this		Thinking Skills
	i. Motivational Storyii. Inspirational Storyiii. Sad Storyiv. Love Story		